Health Policy & Performance Board Priority Based Report

Reporting Period: Quarter 2 – Period 1st July 2022 – 30th September 2022

1.0 Introduction

This report provides an overview of issues and progress against key service area objectives and milestones and performance targets, during the second quarter of 2022/23 for service areas within the remit of the Health Policy and Performance Board. These areas include:

- Adult Social Care (including housing operational areas)
- Public Health

2.0 Key Developments

2.1 There have been a number of developments within the Directorate during the second quarter which include:

Adult Social Care

The Organisational Health Check for Social Work

A new look Organisational Health Check will be going live this October based on the Standards for Employers of Social Workers. The launch is planned for the 17th October, and we await communications for this shortly. We are aiming to encourage as many social workers in Halton to have their say as possible, as we promote the sharing of the survey. The Principal Social Worker for Adults will also be registering on behalf of adult social care to take part.

This year, organisations will be able to choose when they open and close their survey within the window between the 17 October and 20 January. Two days after closing their survey, they will have access to a web portal to view their results.

This year new questions for Occupational Therapists have been developed, making the survey more relevant to a wider group of staff. Questions will be targeted to those different staff groups, depending on their professional background and qualifications.

Public Health

Covid and flu vaccination campaigns have started. The aim is to encourage individuals who are eligible for the NHS led vaccination to get them. Covid rates have continued to remain low with no community outbreaks have been reported. The health protection team continues to work with partners to set out the actions they will take to reduce the risk of a challenging winter. Linked to this, all staff have been offered access to the flu jab. Those not eligible for the jab through their GP or pharmacy are able to get a 'flu jab' at any pharmacy and have the costs refunded.

The health improvement team have conducted a range of activities linked to reducing smoking, including continuing to offer the Targeted Lung Health Check programme. They attended Halton hospital on 4th October to promote Stoptober, achieving a number of

direct referrals and many conversations. Signposting advice was provided to key practitioners from Cardiac, Mental health and Sexual health

Team, who are now delivering a 12 week cessation programme for staff and residents in a mental health residential unit in Widnes – this is against a backdrop of there being nationally low supplies of NRT, this is a risk to the service.

A lot of local work is ongoing to support the suicide prevention campaign, where a resource tool kit was downloaded by partners 104 times for world suicide prevention day. Local support is available via Amparo, which the team links in with.

The team have also supported a local school after the death of their head teacher-Educational Psychology was able to support pupils and staff.

World Mental Health day this year has a focus on raising awareness of the impact money worries has on mental health. Information has been cascaded via schools, workplaces, VCSE, HBC staff, social care, feeding Halton network, suicide prevention partnerships and partners in prevention.

Nationally, the move by the chancellor to scrap the planned increase in duty of alcohol will have a negative impact on health, as evidence clearly shows that cutting duty increases alcohol harm.

The community health bus and Public Health response team continue to offer support to community sessions around the cost of living crisis and engage in vaccination encouragement approaches.

3.0 Emerging Issues

3.1 A number of emerging issues have been identified during the first quarter that will impact upon the work of the Directorate including:

Adult Social Care

National Safeguarding Week

National Safeguarding Week will take place during **21**st-**27**th **November** this year. The theme for this year's campaign is "Responding to Contemporary Safeguarding Challenges"

The Mersey Gateway Bridge will be lit up in the colours of Halton Safeguarding Adults Board on Monday 21st November to mark the start of National Safeguarding Week.

There will be a daily messages regarding the themes of National Safeguarding Week which will be promoted on all of our social media platforms. There will be a series of Lunch and Learn events which will take place via MS Teams.

Public Health

Capacity delays within the HR department continue to impact on the recruitment processes facing a number of areas within the Public Health directorate: specifically

within the Trading Standards division, which has been undertaking restructure for over 12 months and is significant stretched in terms of capacity and managerial support.

Roles within the commissioning, performance and health improvement teams have been successfully recruited.

The public health team has worked with other teams and organisations to identify and support vulnerable individuals through the cost of living crisis.

4.0 Risk Control Measures

Risk control forms an integral part of the Council's Business Planning and performance monitoring arrangements. As such Directorate Risk Registers were updated in tandem with the development of the suite of 2018/19 Directorate Business Plans.

As a result, monitoring of all relevant 'high' risks will be undertaken and progress reported against the application of the risk treatment measures in Quarters 2 and 4.

5.0 Progress against high priority equality actions

There have been no high priority equality actions identified in the quarter.

6.0 Performance Overview

The following information provides a synopsis of progress for both milestones and performance indicators across the key business areas that have been identified by the Directorate. It should be noted that given the significant and unrelenting downward financial pressures faced by the Council there is a requirement for Departments to make continuous in-year adjustments to the allocation of resources in order to ensure that the Council maintains a balanced budget. Whilst every effort continues to be made to minimise any negative impact of such arrangements upon service delivery they may inevitably result in a delay in the delivery of some of the objectives and targets contained within this report. The way in which the Red, Amber and Green, (RAG), symbols have been used to reflect progress to date is explained at the end of this report.

Commissioning and Complex Care Services

Adult Social Care

Key Objectives / milestones

Ref	Milestones	Q2 Progress
1A	Monitor the effectiveness of the Better Care Fund pooled budget ensuring that budget comes out on target	\checkmark
1B	Integrate social services with community health services	✓

1C	Continue to monitor effectiveness of changes arising from review of services and support to children and adults with Autistic Spectrum Disorder.	✓
1D	Continue to implement the Local Dementia Strategy, to ensure effective services are in place.	\checkmark
1E	The Homelessness strategy be kept under annual review to determine if any changes or updates are required.	\checkmark
3A	Undertake on-going review and development of all commissioning strategies, aligning with Public Health and Clinical Commissioning Group, to enhance service delivery and continue cost effectiveness, and ensure appropriate governance controls are in place.	✓

Supporting Commentary

Work continues on refreshing the local dementia strategy, under the umbrella of One Halton. A strategic group was established with representation from all One Halton organisations. A self-assessment was undertaken against recommendations made by Alzheimer's Society for what local areas should be considering in their dementia strategies. The self-assessment process, cross referenced with NICE best practice and dementia 'I Statements', has formed the basis of identifying priorities and associated actions. The group met in September 2022 to finalise the actions and progress the ratification process. The Dementia Friendly Communities approach has been adopted by Executive Board and is now underway across council service areas, with focus on raising awareness and improving practice to make HBC a more dementia friendly organisation for employees and the people we serve. New dementia friendly activities are emerging from within the community, such as a dementia café at Grangeway Community Centre and one due to open in Autumn at Catalyst museum.

The homelessness strategy remains current and reflects the key priorities and agreed action plan for a five year period. The strategy action plan continues to be reviewed annually, to ensure it is current and reflects economic and legislative changes, with many actions successfully achieved.

Regular quarterly service reports will be submitted to outline the service delivery and detailed review of the homelessness strategy action plan.

The homelessness forum is planned for October 2022. to review the key priorities and agree actions for the following 12 month period.

The pandemic will continue to influence future activity and communication between partner agencies, which will further influence how services are commissioned and delivered in the future.

Governance of the Pooled fund now reflects the changes to NHS organisations with joint structure with the place based Integrated Care Board (ICB). The Pooled budget currently projecting an underspend at the end of the year. The central government submission for the Better Care Fund has been completed and awaiting approval

Work is ongoing to develop integrated working in the Borough. New structures with the ICB are bedded in.

Work continues with partners in health to develop integrated approaches to supporting adults

Some work has progressed with the Strengths based programme of work with Professor Sam Baron, including review of Assessment approaches and aligned paperwork. Due to Sam Baron leaving her role this programme of work has drawn to a close and is now subject to review of how it is moved forward. Work is progressing with the paperwork to promote good practice.

Key Performance Indicators

Older People:								
Ref	Measure	21/22 Actua I	22/23 Targe t	Q2	Current Progress	Direction of travel		
ASC 01	Permanent Admissions to residential and nursing care homes per 100,000 population 65+ Better Care Fund performance metric	369.2	600	331.9	✓	We are unable to provide the direction of travel as we did not have data for this period in 2021/22,		
ASC 02	Total non-elective admissions in to hospital (general & acute), all age, per 100,000 population. Better Care Fund performance metric	4071	No plan set	4243		This collection was on hold in Q2 2021/22		
ASC 03	Proportion of Older People (65 and over) who were still at home 91 days after discharge from hospital into reablement/rehab	79	85%	NA	NA	NA		

	ilitation services (ASCOF 2B) Better Care Fund performance metric						
Adults with Learni	ing and/or Physical	l Disabil	ities:				
ASC 04	Percentage of items of equipment and adaptations delivered within 7 working days (VI/DRC/HMS)	72	97%	45%	✓	Î	
ASC 05	Proportion of people in receipt of SDS (ASCOF 1C – people in receipt of long term support) (Part 1) SDS	81.5	80%	73.6%	✓	1	
ASC 06	Proportion of people in receipt of SDS (ASCOF 1C – people in receipt of long term support) (Part 2) DP	31.6	45%	22.7%	U	1	
ASC 07	Proportion of adults with learning disabilities who live in their own home or with their family (ASCOF 1G)	89.7	89%	88.6%	✓	1	
ASC 08	Proportion of adults with learning disabilities who are in Employment (ASCOF 1E)	7	5.5%	5.7%	✓	Î	
Homelessness:							

ASC 09	Homeless presentations made to the Local Authority for assistance In accordance with Homelessness Act 2017. Relief Prevention Homeless	1914	2000	610	✓	Î	
ASC 10	LA Accepted a statutory duty to homeless households in accordance with homelessness Act 2002	247	200	83	~	Î	
ASC 11	Number of households living in Temporary Accommodation Hostel Bed & Breakfast	520	N/A	78	✓	Î	
Safeguarding:							
ASC 12	Percentage of individuals involved in Section 42 Safeguarding Enquiries	30	30	83	✓	NA	
ASC 13	Percentage of existing HBC Adult Social Care staff that have received Adult Safeguarding Training, including elearning, in the last 3-years (denominator front line staff only).	62	85%	64%	✓	Î	
ASC 14	The Proportion of People who use	83.9	89%	NA	NA	NA	

	services who say that those services have made them feel safe and secure – Adult Social Care Survey (ASCOF 4B)						
Carers:							
ASC 15	Proportion of Carers in receipt of Self Directed Support.	98.8	99%	97%	✓	Î	
ASC 16	Carer reported Quality of Life (ASCOF 1D, (this figure is based on combined responses of several questions to give an average value. A higher value shows good performance)	7.5	N/A	NA	NA	NA	
ASC 17	Overall satisfaction of carers with social services (ASCOF 3B)	39.3	N/A	NA	NA	NA	
ASC 18	The proportion of carers who report that they have been included or consulted in discussions about the person they care for (ASCOF 3C)	69.5	N/A	NA	NA	NA	
ASC 19	Social Carerelated Quality of life (ASCOF 1A). (This figure is based on combined responses of several questions	17.9	20%	NA	NA	NA	

	to give an average value. A higher value shows good performance)					
ASC 20	The Proportion of people who use services who have control over their daily life (ASCOF 1B)	73.1	80%	NA	NA	NA
ASC 21	Overall satisfaction of people who use services with their care and support (ASCOF 3A)	56.9	71%	NA	NA	NA

Supporting Commentary

Older People:

- **ASC 01** We are on track to stay below the target of 600 per 100K pop.
- ASC 02 The number of emergency admissions is increasing, particularly those with a zero length of stay, which are now approaching the levels seen prepandemic. In part this is being driven by the increases in the number of people attending A&E, which are 10% above pre-pandemic levels, however an increase in zero day length of stay admissions is also expected as the plan is to increase triage in ED to Same Day Emergency Care (SDEC) pathways or for direct referral to SDEC by ambulance or primary care. The number recorded as a non-elective admission is potentially going to increase, certainly in comparison to the last 2 years as SDEC stopped during the pandemic.
- **ASC 03** Annual collection only to be reported in Q4.

Adults with Learning and/or Physical Disabilities:

- **ASC 04** This is a cumulative figure and at this point is on the way to achieving the target.
- **ASC 05** While this figure is slightly lower than it was in the same quarter 2021/22, we are still on track towards meeting the target. Work continues to supporting service users to have choice and control in their care planning.
- **ASC 06** We are at a lower level of those in receipt of Direct Payments that we were at the same quarter in 2021/22. We continue to promote the use of Direct Payments to support people to choose how to they manage their care package.
- **ASC 07** We are on track to meet this target, albeit the figures are slightly lower than they were in the same quarter 2021/22.
- **ASC 08** We have currently exceeded this target and figures are higher than they were in the same guarter 2021/22.

Homelessness:

- ASC 09 No commentary received for Q2
- **ASC 10** No commentary received for Q2
- ASC 11 No commentary received for Q2

Safeguarding:

- **ASC 12** This is a relatively new indicator; figures need to be cleansed and may differ to year-end data.
- ASC 13 Current progress has exceeded last year's total actual percentage for the year
- **ASC 14** Annual collection only to be reported in Q4, (figure is an estimate).

Carers:

- **ASC 15** We are on track to meet this target and figures are higher than they were in the same quarter 2021/22.
- **ASC** Survey measures are reported annually for service users and bi-annually for
- **16 22** carers. The results of these are provided in Quarter 4, however are not published until later in the year.

The next Adult Social Care Survey is due to be administered in January 2023, for results to be reported in the 2022/23 period.

The Survey of Adult Carers will be administered later in 2023 for results to be captured in the 2023/24 period.

Further details on both surveys can be found here

Key Objectives / milestones

Ref	Objective
PH 01	Improved Child Development: Working with partner organisations to improve the development, health and wellbeing of children in Halton and to tackle the health inequalities affecting that population.

Ref	Milestones	Q2 Progress
PH 01a	Facilitate the Healthy Child Programme which focusses on a universal preventative service, providing families with a programme of screening, immunisation, health and development reviews, and health, well-being, stop smoking interventions and parenting advice and support.	✓
PH 01b	Maintain and develop an enhanced offer through the 0-19 programme for families requiring additional support, For example: teenage parents (through Family Nurse Partnership), Care leavers and support (when needed) following the 2 year integrated assessment.	✓
PH 01c	Maintain and develop an offer for families to help their child to have a healthy weight, including encouraging	✓

	breastfeeding, infant feeding support, healthy family diets, physical activity and support to families with children who are overweight.	
Ref	Objective	
PH 02	Improved levels of healthy eating and physical activity through whole systems working.	
Ref	Milestone	Q2 Progress
PH 02a	Implementation of the Healthy Weight Action Plan	✓
PH 02b	Increase the percentage of children and adults achieving recommended levels of physical activity.	✓
PH 02c	Reduce the levels of children and adults who are obese.	✓
Ref	Objective	
PH 03	Reduction in the harm from alcohol: Working with key partners, frontline professionals, and local community to address the health and social impact of alcohol misuse.	
Ref	Milestone	Q2 Progress
PH 03a	Work in partnership to reduce the number of young people (under 18) being admitted to hospital due to alcohol.	✓
PH 03b	Raise awareness within the local community of safe drinking recommendations and local alcohol support services through delivering alcohol awareness campaigns, alcohol health education events across the borough and ensuring key staff are trained in alcohol identification and brief advice (alcohol IBA).	✓
PH 03c	Ensure those identified as having an alcohol misuse problem can access effective alcohol treatment services and recovery support in the community and within secondary care.	✓
Ref	Objective	
PH 04	Cardiovascular Disease	
Ref	Milestone	Q2 Progress
PH 04a	Ensure local delivery of the National Health Checks programme in line with the nationally set achievement targets	✓
PH 04b	Reduce smoking prevalence overall and amongst routine and manual groups and reduce the gap between these two groups.	✓

PH 04c	Increase the percentage of adults who undertake recommended levels of physical activity and healthy eating.	✓
PH 04d	Improve early detection and increase the proportion of people treated in line with best practice and reduce the variation at a GP practice level.	✓
PH 04e	Reduce the premature (under 75) death rate due to cardiovascular disease and stroke.	✓
Ref 05	Objective	
PH 05	Mental Health	
Ref	Milestone	Q2 Progress
PH 05a	Reduced level of hospital admissions due to self-harm.	✓
PH 05b	Improved overall wellbeing scores and carers' wellbeing scores.	✓
PH 05c	Reduced excess under 75 mortality in adults with serious mental illness (compared to the overall population).	✓
PH 05d	Reduce suicide rate.	✓
Ref	Objective	
PH 06	Cancer	
Ref	Milestone	Q2 Progress
PH 06a	Reduce smoking prevalence overall and amongst routine and manual groups and reduce the gap between these two groups.	✓
PH 06b	Increase uptake of cancer screening (breast, cervical and bowel).	✓
PH 06c	Improved percentage of cancers detected at an early stage.	\checkmark
PH 06d	Improved cancer survival rates (1 year and 5 year).	✓
PH 06e	Reduction in premature mortality due to cancer.	✓
Ref	Objective	
PH 07	Older People	
Ref	Milestone	Q2
		Progress
PH 07a	Continue to develop opportunities for older people to engage in community and social activities to reduce isolation and loneliness and promote social inclusion and activity.	Progress
	in community and social activities to reduce isolation and	₽rogress

PH 07c

Work with partners to promote the uptake and increase accessibility of flu and Pneumonia vaccinations for appropariate age groups in older age.



Supporting Commentary

PH 01a

No programmes were delivered this quarter due to school summer holidays, however 4 programmes are scheduled to be delivered in Q3.

PH 01b

The 0-19 Service has continued to maintain support for children and families in Halton through the provision of the universal Healthy Child Programme, the Family Nurse Partnership and the Pause programme

PH 01c

Antenatal Infant Feeding workshops have been delivered online but will move to hybrid offer from Q3 to include some face to face.

There has been increased engagement from early years setting this quarter, with some settings now signing up for their renewal to HHEYS, as well as some new childminders signing up.

Fit 4 Life App download instructions have been added to all NCMP results letters for 2022-23, with unique invite IDs based on the weight category for the child to activate appropriate programme content for each weight category.

PH 02a

There has continued to be a range of parenting programmes are available to families to support them to develop healthy habits for their children. The Holiday Activity Fund (HAF) has supported children during the holidays, to access healthy and nutritious meals, physical activity sessions, nutrition education and enrichment activities. The whole system obesity strategy is currently in consultation phase with partners for review.

PH 02b

The exercise rererral programme re-started in Q3 2021. The Active Halton strategy is currently in the data and evidence finding stage.

PH 02c

No update this quarter.

PH 03a

We are continuing to engage with the provider services to ensure that work continues to focus on the need groups and return to pre pandemic levels of provision. Year 6 pupils have been accessing the Alcohol Education session via Health Improvement Team's Healthy Schools programme.

PH 03b

Awareness is raised within the local community of safe drinking recommendations and local alcohol support services through social media campaign messages and the promotion of national campaigns via digital platforms. Audit C screenings are delivered during Health Checks and stop smoking consultation to clients across Halton.

PH 03c

The CGL service has launched a Café which offers an opportunity to support clients. The out of prison programme continues to support prison service leavers on their road to recovery and has received

exceptionally positive case studies, also recently opening their safe house in Halton.

PH 04a A local action plan is in development around barriers to accessing the NHS Health Check.

PH 04b Halton Stop Smoking Service continues to deliver the service remotely and also face 2 face (hybrid model) to support local people to stop smoking including those people directly referred into the service via the TLHC programme.

PH 04c See previous comments on weight management and exercise referral programs.

PH 04d In addition to the NHS Health Check data above, blood pressure champions have been screening in the community, on the vaccination health bus and in workplaces.

PH 05a Halton continues to deliver self harm awareness training to front line staff who work with children and young people as part of the wider preventative mental health agenda.

PH 05b

Latest available data for 2018-20 indicates that the excess under 75 mortality for adults with severe mental illness in Halton is significantly better than the England average. Continuing to ensure local primary care undertake annual reviews and engage with health services is key to ensuring that people with SMI experience no poorer health outcomes and services than any other individual.

PH 05c Halton's suicide rate for 2019-2021 period is lower than the England average. We continue to work closely with partners and Champs on the Zero Suicide Agenda and consistently review the action plan for reduction of suicides in the community, even undertaking assessments for every individual suicide we are notified of.

Work is continuing with CHAMPS and the Cancer alliance to focus on activities to increase the uptake of bowel and breast cancer. Regional meetings have not yet been recommenced from UKHSA, though we are continuing to encourage uptake of all screening programmes at all opportunities.

The Targetted Lung Health check programme is beginning to report early results which shows a positive detection rate of stage 1 cancers amongst people who have ever smoked in the targetted age cohorts

Cancer survival is improving year on year though the improvement is slowing. We continue to work with the cancer alliance and local partners to ensure new and improved diagonistics and treatments are locally available.

Cancer mortality is seeing a small improvement year on year, as a factor of the works being undertaken on screening, early diagnosis and

PH O6a

PH 06b

PH 06c

PH 06d

presentation and improvements in diagnostic and treatment technology and access.

PH 07a

Sure Start to Later Life continue to support older people to engage in community activities to reduce the risk of loneliness and social isolation. The team have received 87 new referals in this quarter.

We have held 6 Get Togethers during this period, with 260 people in attendance.

PH 07b

The integrated fall pathway is still under review . A discussion is taking place to identify the most appropirate screening tool to be used. OHID are engaging with partners to discuss setting up a falls collaborative across Cheshire and Merseyside. It will bring together a number of agencies including NWAS, Local Authorities, ICSs, NHSE, Voluntary sectors and providers.

PH 07c

Uptake of flu vaccination for seasonal 2021/22 was higher than average for most cohorts with increased but under target performance especially for pregnant women and 2-3 year cohorts.

Key Performance Indicators

Ref	Measure	21/22 Actual	22/23 Target	Q2	Current Progress	Direction of travel
PH LI 01	A good level of child development (% of eligible children achieving a good level of development at the end of reception)	66.1%	N/A	N/A	U	N/A
PH LI 02a	Adults achieving recommended levels of physical activity (% of adults aged 19+ that achieve 150+ minutes of moderate intensity equivalent per week)	57.6%	58.2% (2020/21)	65.5%	✓	Î

PH LI 02b	Alcohol- related admission episodes – narrow definition (Directly Standardised Rate per 100,000 population)	493 (2020/21)	877.7 (2021/22)	N/A	U	N/A
PH LI 02c	Under-18 alcohol- specific admission episodes (crude rate per 100,000 population)	58.0 (2018/19- 2020/21)	57.1 (2019/20 – 2021/22)	37.9 (Q2 19/20- Q1 22/23 provisional)	✓	1
PH LI 03a	Smoking prevalence (% of adults who currently smoke)	14.9% (2019)	14.9% (2020)	13.1% (2020)	>	Î
PH LI 03b	Prevalence of adult obesity (% of adults estimated to be obese)	76.9% (2019/20)	77.5% (2020/21)	65% (2020/21)	✓	1
PH LI 03c	Mortality from cardiovascular disease at ages under 75 (Directly Standardised Rate per 100,000 population) Published data based on calendar year, please note year for targets	96.7 (2019-21 provisional)	96.7 (2020-22)	98.7 (Q3 2019- Q2 2022 provisional)	×	1
PH LI 03d	Mortality from cancer at ages under 75 (Directly Standardised Rate per	151.0 (2019-21 provisional)	150.2 (2020-22)	141.0 (Q3 2019- Q2 2022 provisional)	✓	1

	100,000					
	population) Published					
	data based on calendar year,					
	please note					
	year for targets					
PH LI	Mortality from respiratory	46.6	46.4	44.3	✓	1
03e	disease at ages under 75 (Directly Standardised Rate per 100,000 population) Published data based on calendar year, please note year for targets	(2019-21 provisional)	(2020-22)	(Q3 2019- Q2 2022 provisional)		
PH	Breast cancer	58.8%	70%	N/A	U	N/A
LI 03f	screening coverage (aged 53-70) Proportion of eligible women who were screened in the last 3 years	(2021)	(national target)	(annual data only)		
PH	Cervical cancer	71.9%	80%	N/A	U	N/A
LI 03g	screening coverage (aged 25 – 49) Proportion of eligible women who were screened in the last 3.5 years	(2021)	(national target)	(annual data only)		
	Cervical cancer	72.5%	80%	N/A	U	N/A
	screening	(2021)	(national target)	(annual data only)		

	coverage (aged 50 – 64) Proportion of eligible women who were screened in the last 5.5 years					
PH LI 03h	Bowel cancer screening coverage (aged 60 to 74) Proportion of eligible men and women who were screened in the last 30 months	55.5% (2021)	No national target as yet	N/A (annual data only)	U	N/A
PH LI 03i	Percentage of cancers diagnosed at early stage (1 and 2)	55.5% (2019)	55.7% (2020)	N/A (annual data only)	U	N/A
PH LI 03j	1 year breast cancer survival (%)	97% (2018)	97.25% (2019)	N/A	U	N/A
PH LI 03k	1 year bowel cancer survival (%)	79% (2018)	79.25% (2019)	N/A	U	N/A
PH LI 03I	1 year lung cancer survival (%)	41% (2018)	41.5% (2019)	N/A	U	N/A
PH LI 04a	Self-harm hospital admissions (Emergency admissions, all ages, directly standardised rate per 100,000 population)	312.6 (2020/21 provisional)	380.6 (2021/22)	275.9 (Q2 21/22 – Q1 22/23 provisional)	✓	Î
PH LI 04b	Self-reported wellbeing: % of people with	12.1% (2020/21)	11.9% (2021/22)	N/A	U	N/A

	a low happiness score					
PH LI 05ai	Male Life expectancy at age 65 (Average number of years a person would expect to live based on contemporary mortality rates) Published data based on 3 calendar years, please note year for targets	17.2 (2019-21 provisional)	17.2 (2020-22)	17.3 (Q3 2019- Q2 2022 provisional)		Î
PH LI 05aii	Female Life expectancy at age 65 (Average number of years a person would expect to live based on contemporary mortality rates) Published data based on 3 calendar years, please note year for targets	19.5 (2019-21 provisional)	19.5 (2020-22)	19.4 (Q3 2019- Q2 2022 provisional)	×	1
PH LI 05b	Emergency admissions due to injuries resulting from falls in the over 65s (Directly Standardised Rate, per 100,000 population;	2813 (2020/21)	2806 (2021/22)	2453 (Q2 21/22 – Q1 22/23 provisional)	✓	Î

	PHOF definition)				
PH LI	Flu vaccination at	81.6%	75%	U	N/A
05c	age 65+ (% of eligible adults aged 65+ who received the flu vaccine, GP registered population)	(2021/22)	(national target)		

Supporting Commentary

<u>Supporting</u>	<u>Commentary</u>
PH LI 01	Department of Education are not publishing 2019/20 or 2020/21 data due to COVID priorities.
PH LI 02a PH LI 02b	Levels of adult activity increased in 2020/21. Data is published annually. Due to a national data change, quarterly data is currently unavailable.
PH LI 02c	The rate of under 18 alcohol specific hospital admissions has reduced recently. COVID-19 is likely to have had an effect on this. (2021/22 data is provisional; published data will be released later in the year.)
PH LI 03a PH LI 03b PH LI 03c	Smoking levels improved during 2019 and 2020; 2020 data met the target. Adult excess weight reduced during 2021 and met the target. The rate of CVD deaths (in under 75s) has increased in 2020, 2021 and into 2022.; it is likely that COVID-19 has had an effect. (Data is provisional; published data will be released later in the year.)
PH LI 03d	The rate of cancer deaths (in under 75s) has reduced slightly over 2020, 2021 and into 2022. It is yet unclear how COVID-19 has affected death rates from other major causes. (Data is provisional; published data will be released later in the year.)
PH LI 03e	The rate of respiratory disease deaths (in under 75s) has reduced slightly over 2020, 2021 and into 2022. It is yet unclear how COVID-19 has affected death rates from other major causes. (Data is provisional; published data will be released later in the year.)
PH LI 03f	Breast cancer screening coverage dropped in 2020 and again in 2021; COVID-19 has most likely affected this. Data is released annually. Cervical cancer screening coverage improved during 2020 in those aged
PH LI 03g	25-49. Halton performed better than the England average both in 2020 and 2021 but is still working towards the national standard of 80% coverage. Data is released annually. Cervical cancer screening coverage remained static between 2018 and 2020 in those aged 50-64, but fell slightly during 2021. Halton did not
	perform as well as the England average and is still working towards the
PH LI 03h	national standard of 80% coverage. Data is released annually. Bowel cancer screening coverage improved during 2020, but has fallen significantly in 2021. Halton did not perform as well as the England

average in 2020 or 2021. Data is released annually.

- PH LI 03i The % of cancers diagnosed at early stage has fluctuated between 50% and 56% since 2013. The latest % is similar to the England average (55.1%). Data is released annually.

 PH LI 03j 1 year breast cancer survival has improved steadily over the last 10 years. It was 97% in 2018, which was the same as the England average. Data is released annually.
- PH LI 03k 1 year bowel cancer survival has improved steadily over the last 10 years. It was 79% in 2018, which was slightly lower than the England average (80%). Data is released annually.
- PH LI 03I 1 year lung cancer survival has improved steadily over the last 10 years. It was 41% in 2018, which was lower than the England average (44.5%). Data is released annually.
- PH LI 04a Provisional 2021/22 data indicates the rate of self harm admissions has reduced since 2019/20 and has met the target.

 Provisional Q1 2022/23 data suggests the rate has continue to decrease (Data is provisional; published data will be released later in the year.)
- PH LI 04b Happiness levels worsened during 2019/20 and again in 2020/21. COVID-19 is likely to have had an impact. Data is published annually.
- PH LI 05ai Life expectancy has been impacted severely by excess deaths from COVID-19, both nationally and in Halton. Male life expectancy at age 65 reduced during 2020 and 2021, but has improved slightly during 2022. (Data is provisional; published data will be released later in the year.)
- PH LI 05aii Life expectancy has been impacted severely by excess deaths from COVID-19, both nationally and in Halton. Female life expectancy at age 65 reduced during 2020 and 2021, but has improved slightly during 2022. (Data is provisional; published data will be released later in the year.)
- PH LI 05b Provisional 2021/22 indicates the rate of falls injury admissions has reduced slightly and has met the target.

 Provisional Q1 2022/23 data suggest the rate has continue to decrease.

 (Data is provisional; published data will be released later in the year).
- PH LI 05c Flu uptake for winters 2020/21 and 2021/22 exceeded the national target of 75%.

 Too early to say if Halton will exceed the target for 2022/23 as the season has only recently started.

APPENDIX 1 – Financial Statements

ADULT SOCIAL CARE DEPARTMENT

<u>Finance</u>

Adult Social Care

Revenue Operational Budget as at 30 September

	Annual Budget	Budget to Date	Actual	Variance (Overspend)	Forecast Outturn (Overspend)
					(Overspend)
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Expenditure					
Employees	15,598	7,600	7,532	68	110
Proposed Pay Award 2022/23	572	0	0	0	0
Premises	311	235	232	3	0
Supplies & Services	649	379	370	9	0
Aids & Adaptations	38	5	4	1	0
Transport	187	94	118	(24)	(50)
Food Provision	158	79	75		Ó
Agency	617	367	364	3	0
Supported Accommodation and Services	1,463	605	604		0
Emergency Duty Team	105	52	63		(20)
Contacts & SLAs	627	376	368		0
Housing Solutions Grant Funded Schemes					
LCR Immigration Programme	330	165	163	2	0
Homelessness Prevention	356	130	131	(1)	0
Rough Sleepers Initiative	150	50	49		0
Total Expenditure	21,161	10,137	10,073		
·	·	·	•		
Income					
Fees & Charges	-761	-337	-318	(19)	(40)
Sales & Rents Income	-391	-221	-259	38	
Reimbursements & Grant Income	-1,535	-563	-563		
Capital Salaries	-121	-61	-61	0	0
Housing Schemes Income	-836	-836	-836	-	-
Transfer From Reserves	-1,394	0	0	0	
Total Income	-5,038	-2,018	-2,037	19	
Net Operational Expenditure Excluding Homes and Community Care	16,123	8,119	8,036	83	40
nomes and community care	10,123	0,113	0,030	03	40
Care Homes Net Expenditure	8,295	4,173	4,814	-641	-1,236
Community Care Expenditure	19,224	8.658	9,261	-603	-1,236
Net Operational Expenditure Including	10,224	0,000	3,201	-000	-1,200
Homes and Community Care	43.642	20,950	22,111	(1,161)	(2,432)
nomes and community care	43,042	20,930	22,111	(1,101)	(2,432)
Recharges					
Premises Support	460	230	230	0	0
Transport Support	587	294	329		
Central Support	3,563	1,781	1,781		
Asset Rental Support	57	0	0		
Recharge Income	-122	-61	-61	0	
Net Total Recharges	4,545	2,244	2,279		
Not 1 Juli Nechanges	4,045	2,244	2,213	(35)	(40)
Net Departmental Expenditure	48,187	23,194	24,390	(1,196)	(2,472)

Comments on the above figures

Net Department Expenditure, excluding the Community Care and Care Homes divisions, is £0.048m below budget profile at the end of the second quarter of the 2022/23 financial year. Expenditure is currently projected to be to budget by the end of the financial year.

Employee costs are currently £0.068m under budget profile, due to savings being made above target on vacancies. The bulk of savings are being made within the Care Management division, which have historically experienced difficulties in recruiting to vacant posts.

The 2022/23 pay award has yet to be agreed but the additional cost to the department over and above the approved budget is forecast at £0.572m. The cost of which will be funded from Council reserves. This figure being based on 417 full time equivalent staff.

The current overspends on transport cost in the report above largely relate to increase fuel costs. These costs are projected to continue for the remainder of the year.

The projected shortfall in fees and charges primarily relates to Day Service trading activities, and the reduced level of consumer confidence post-pandemic. Such shortfall has been met from Covid related government grant funding in the previous two financial years, although funding no longer exists in the current financial year.

Housing Strategy initiatives included in the report above include the LCR Immigration Programme and Homelessness Prevention Scheme. The Homelessness Prevention scheme is an amalgamation of the previous Flexible Homelessness Support and Homelessness Reduction schemes. Funding has increased significantly from £0.253m back in 2020/21 to the current level of £0.356m for 2022/23.

A balanced budget overall is projected for the financial year, with the pressures from increased utility costs and loss of trading income being offset by savings above target in respect of staff turnover.

COMPLEX CARE POOL

Revenue Budget as at 30 September 2022

	Annual Budget	Budget to Date	Actual	Variance (Overspend)	Forecast Outturn
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Expenditure					
Intermediate Care Services	6,403	2,877	2,362	515	555
Oakmeadow	1,165	601	600	1	3
Community Home Care First	1,300	469	469	0	0
Joint Equipment Store	815	261	261	0	0
Development Fund	662	0	0	0	0
HICafs	3,584	738	448	290	585
Contracts & SLA's	3,262	858	826	32	75
Carers Breaks	428	247	212	35	74
Carers centre	377	188	188	0	0
Residential Care	1,075	537	537	0	0
Domiciliary Care & Supported Living	2,556	1,278	1,301	(23)	(75)
Total Expenditure	21,626	8,055	7,205	850	1,217
Income					
BCF	-12,079	-6,039	-6,039	0	0
CCG Contribution to Pool	-2,831	-1,416	-1,416	0	0
Oakmeadow Income	-613	-306	-304	(2)	(3)
Transfer from reserve	-700	-700	-700	0	0
Ageing Well	-694	-694	-694	0	0
Bal cfwd 2021/22	-206	-206	-206	0	0
Total Income	-17,122	-9,361	-9,359	(2)	(3)
Net Expenditure	4,504	-1,306	-2,154	848	1,214
CCG Contribution Share of Surplus	0	0	424	(424)	(607)
Adjusted Net Departmental Expenditure	4,504	-1,306	-1,730	424	607

Comments on the above figures:

The overall position for the Complex Care Pool budget is £0.848m under the budget profile at the end of September. Based on current demand the Pool net spend position is forecast to be £1.214m under the approved budget at financial year-end. The Council share of this is forecast to be in the region of £0.607m, although pressures are considered hollistically rather than on a health/local government basis.

The forecast position is subject to change as we move through the financial year and as pressures on the budget are highlighted, particularly with the impact of winter.

Government have recently announced funding of £500m in additional funding for adult social care to help to get people out of hospitals and into social care support, as well as helping to retain and recruit more care workers. Value of the grant to Halton is currently unknown and it is not yet clear if this money will come direct into local government or to health.

In the main, expenditure is below budget profile due to Intermediate Care and the HICaF (Halton Integrated Care and Frailty Service) which cumulatively, are £805 under expected budget at this point of the financial year. HICaF is currently carrying a vacant DM post. Along with this Warrington NHS Trust have not fully recruited their staff for this service.

Expenditure on Contracts is £32k under budget at the present time. This is due to Inglenook's occupancy having gone back down to 1 service user.

Pooled Budget Capital Projects as at 30 September 2022

	2022-23	Allocation	Actual	Total
	Capital	To Date	Spend	Allocation
	Allocation			Remainin
	£'000	£'000	£'000	g
				£'000
Disabled Facilities Grant	600	300	280	320
Stair lifts (Adaptations	200	100	94	106
Initiative)				
RSL Adaptations (Joint	300	150	152	148
Funding)				
Telehealthcare Digital	400	100	100	300
Switchover				
Millbrow Refurbishment	400	100	63	337
Madeline Mckenna Refurb.	100	20	18	82
St Luke's Care Home	100	10	9	91
St Patrick's Care Home	400	100	92	308
Total	2,500	880	808	1,692

Comments on the above figures:

Allocations for Disabled Facilities Grants/Stair Lifts and RSL adaptations are consistent with 2021/22 spend and budget, and expenditure across the 3 headings is anticipated to be within budget overall.

The £400,000 Telehealthcare Digital Switchover scheme was approved by Executive Board on 15 July 2021. Significant capital investment is required to ensure a functional Telehealthcare IT system is in place prior to the switchoff of existing copper cable based systems in 2025. Procurement has now commenced, and It is anticipated that the scheme will be completed during the current financial year.

On 16 June 2022 Executive Board approved a £4.2M refurbishment programme in respect of the four Council owned care homes, to be completed withing a three year timescale. Halton purchased the homes, with the exception of Madeline McKenna, when it was evident that the buildings had been neglected. Some of the homes have décor that is very tired, and furniture that is dated, mismatched and sometimes broken. All of the homes struggle with storage meaning that equipment such as hoists are visible in corridors and communal areas. In addition the bedroom areas are small with poor lighting, and gardens areas in all homes require attention so they can be fully accessible for meaningful activities.

£1.0M has been allocated in terms of estimated spend during the current financial year, although this allocation, together with the allocations in respect of individual homes, may be revised during the year to reflect progress within year on individual care home refurbishment schemes.

PUBLIC HEALTH & PUBLIC PROTECTION DEPARTMENT

Revenue Budget as at 30 September 2022

	Annual	Budget to	Actual	Variance	Forecast
	Budget	Date		(Overspend)	Outturn
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Expenditure					
Employees	4,451	2,059	2,028	31	53
Premises	5	0	0	0	0
Supplies & Services	278	161	148	13	27
Contracts & SLA's	7,025	2,590	2,590	0	0
Transport	11	9	8	1	1
Other Agency	21	21	21	0	0
Transfer to Reserves	79	29	29	0	0
Total Expenditure	11,870	4,869	4,824	45	81
In a succession					
Income				(0)	(-)
Fees & Charges	-291	-233	-231	(2)	(5)
Reimbursments & Other Grants	-313	-290	-290		0
Government Grants	-11,337	-4,693	-4,693		0
Transfer from Reserves	-667	-22	-22	0	0
Total Income	-12,608	-5,238	-5,236	(2)	(5)
Net Operational Expenditure	-738	-369	-412	43	76
Recharges					
Premises Support	126	63	63		0
Transport Support	23	12	16	(- /	(5)
Central Support	1,324	662	662		0
Recharge Income	-482	-241	-241	0	0
Net Total Recharges	991	496	500	-4	-5
Net Departmental Expenditure	253	127	88	39	71

Comments on the above figures

The net Department spend is £0.039m under budget profile at the end of Quarter 2 and the estimated outturn position for 2022/23 is for net spend to be £0.071m under the approved budget.

Employee costs is currently £0.031m under planned budget at this point in the year. This is a result of savings made on vacancies and funding from the Contain Management Outbreak Fund (COMF). Two posts within the Environmental, Public Health & Health Protection Division have recently been filled and two are in the recruitment process. The level of savings is expected to reduce during the second half of the financial year due to a higher than budgeted pay award, which is expected to be backdated in the next quarter. The anticipated full year underspend is projected to be £0.053m. The employee budget is based on 89.7 full time equivalent staff. The staff turnover saving target of £0.048m is expected to be achieved in full.

Transport recharges are £0.004m over budget profile at the end of Quarter 2. This is due to higher than budgeted diesel and repair costs for pest control vehicles and the forecast full year overspend is estimated to be £0.005m. This is the result of significant inflation increases.

The balance of £0.368m carried forward from last year's allocation from the Contain Outbreak Management Fund (COMF) is being used to fund continued spend within the Outbreak Support Team. Funding is being used to target low COVID-19 vaccine uptake, enhanced communication and marketing, workplace prevention and contain measures and to help the clinically extremely vulnerable remain well. COMF spend in this first half of the year is £0.343m and this is 93.21% of the available funding, with £0.329m spent on employee costs. The remaining £0.026 m is expected to be spent during October 2022. Further spend during the remaining 5 months of the year will be met from within the Public Health ring-fenced grant.

APPENDIX 2 – Explanation of Symbols

Symbols are used in the following manner:					
Progress Green	Objective Indicates that the objective is on course to be achieved within the appropriate timeframe.	Performance Indicator Indicates that the annual target is on course to be achieved.			
Amber	Indicates that it is <u>uncertain</u> or too early to say at this stage, whether the	Indicates that it is <u>uncertain or too</u> <u>early to say at this stage</u> whether			

milestone/objective will be achieved within the appropriate timeframe.

the annual target is on course to be achieved.

Red



Indicates that it is <u>highly</u> <u>likely or certain</u> that the objective will not be achieved within the appropriate timeframe.

Indicates that the target <u>will not</u> <u>be achieved</u> unless there is an intervention or remedial action taken.

Direction of Travel Indicator

Where possible <u>performance measures</u> will also identify a direction of travel using the following convention

Green



Indicates that **performance is better** as compared to the same period last year.

Amber



Indicates that **performance** is the same as compared to the same period last year.

Red



Indicates that **performance is worse** as compared to the same period last year.

N/A

Indicates that the measure cannot be compared to the same period last year.